
Coaching Principals and District Level Leaders

— MASA Great Start Cohort Session —
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Presenters

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Overview

As a school district leader, one of your most critical responsibilities is the **supervision, evaluation, and support** of those you supervise, including strategies to assure high performance.

For superintendents and assistant superintendents, this includes **principals and district level employees**.

This session focuses on **why** coaching and evaluating are so important and **how** you can carry out these responsibilities in ways consistent with **legal and ethical standards**; are **clear and respectful**; and **create a healthy culture**, where leaders focus on your **mission** and all continue to **learn and support** one another.

Objectives of this Session

1. To share what **research and experience recommend as wise practices** for the recruitment, selection, mentoring, evaluation, coaching and support of educational leaders; and
 2. To specifically **address topics or questions important to do you.**
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Principles for Leading Leaders



Principle 1: *Know your purpose and and learn what motivates those you supervise and support*

- **Qualities of great educational leaders**
- **Purpose: Your “Why”**
- **Understanding and mentoring each employee**

Activity:

- **What leader do admire and why?**
- **A framework for understanding *motivation, how employees build and maintain relationships, and job specific skills***

Principle 2: Demonstrate integrity and model legal and ethical conduct

- **Administrator Code of Ethics**
- **Legal standards based on continuing contract and tenure laws for licensed employees**
- **Understanding levels of authority**
- **Examples of laws that your principals and district leaders must know**
 - **Data Practices**
 - **Maltreatment of Minors**
 - **Open Meeting Law**
 - **PELRA**
 - **Minnesota Human Rights Act**
 - **ADA**
 - **FMLA**
- **Steps for responding to a complaint**

Principle 2 Continued: *When you receive a complaint, when is an investigation required?*

- **An investigation is required if the allegations received are assumed to be true constitutes a violation of law or policy**
- **Protocols for responding to a complaint**
 - **When is an investigation required?**
 - **What three questions that should be answered when a complaint is received?**
 - **Paid administrative leave?**
 - **Maltreatment of minors report?**
 - **Who conducts the investigation?**
 - **What are important rights related to an investigation?**

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Principle 3: *Lead with confidence and respond with humility*

- **Characteristics of effective leaders**
- **Character**
- **Vulnerability**
- **Modeling a learning organization**

Activity

- **What words do you think your principals and district level staff use to describe you?**
 - **What word would you want to “earn” ?**
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Principle 4: *Understand and practice components of effective supervision and evaluation*

- 1. Clear and Compelling Standards**
 - 2. Gather evidence**
 - 3. Coach**
 - 4. Develop**
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Principle 5: *Model, mentor and support*

- **Qualities of a mentor**
- **Matching employees with mentors**
- **Monitor and measure**

Activity

- 1. Describe a person who has been (or still is) an important mentor for you.**
 - 2. What qualities does this mentor demonstrate?**
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Applying the five principles for Leading Leaders



Principle 1: Know your purpose and and learn what motivates those you supervise and support

Activity

- **Ask behavioral questions and listen for evidence of :**
 - **What motivates this leader?**
 - **How does this leader build and maintain relationships?**
 - **What job-specific skills and preferences stand out?**

Principle 2: Demonstrate integrity and model legal and ethical conduct

Case study

You receive a call from a neighboring school superintendent who alerts you to a conversation with one of her principals, who was at a conference the previous week with your high school principal.

You learn that the complainant suspects that your principal is involved in an inappropriate relationship with a high school student.

You had earlier received a similar concern from one of your own principals but had not taken action, concerned about the reputation of your high school principal.

What actions will you take and in what order?

Principle 3: *Lead with confidence and respond with humility*

Personal reflection

Consider a time you were criticized for a decision or action you made in your duties as a leader, one in which you reacted defensively but afterwards regretted how you acted.

Why do you think you acted defensively at the time?

What insights do you have about when you are most vulnerable to reacting defensively and what strategies might you consider that will help you abide by this principle?

Principle 4: Understand and practice components of effective supervision and evaluation

Activity:

- 1. On a scale of 5, with (5 high and 1 low) how well do you believe your current system for evaluating principals and district level leaders meets all four of these components?**
 - 2. What action steps for improvement will you take first and why?**
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Principle 5: *Model, mentor and support*

Case Study

One of your elementary principals is well liked by students, popular with parents, and highly regarded in the community. New in your role, you realize that while the principal seems well liked by many of the staff, the turnover of newer staff is significant.

Looking more closely, you find that the principal has not completed any performance evaluations on staff for several years despite clear directions to do so and extensive training.

What actions would you take and why?

Questions and follow-up

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